

FEHER SAID "THE ALLIED TROOPS DID NOT RPT NOT ARRIVED IN FRATERNAL CZECHOSLOVAKIA AS CONQUERORS".

HE SAID "THEY DO NOT RPT NOT WANT TO GAIN THE RULE OVER CZECHOSLOVAKIA AND DO NOT RPT NOT WANT TO INTERFERE WITH HOW OUR CZECHOSLOVAK FRIENDS ARE SETTling THEIR DOMESTIC AFFAIRS."

THE HUNGARIAN DEPUTY PREMIER SAID ALLIED TROOPS HAVE INVADED CZECHOSLOVAKIA BECAUSE "A GROUP OF HONEST, LEADING PERSONALITIES, BEING FAITHFUL TO SOCIALISM HAVE CALLED US IN ORDER TO INTERRUPT THE QUICK RIGHT-WING DEVELOPMENT AND TO GIVE AID TO THE CZECHOSLOVAK COMMUNISTS FOR MAINTAINING THE POSITIONS OF SOCIALISM OF THE WORKING CLASS".

"THE TROOPS OF THE FIVE COUNTRIES STAYING TEMPORARILY IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA HAVE ONLY ON TASK, NAMELY TO KEEP UNDER CONTROL THE COUNTER-REVOLUTIONARY FORCES ACTING PROBABLY OPENLY BY MEANS OF ARMS, AND IN THIS WAY TO GIVE EFFECTIVE SUPPORT TO THE CZECHOSLOVAK COMMUNIST PARTY, ITS GOVERNMENT AND PEOPLE IN STRENGTHENING SOCIALIST ORDER AND LEGALITY SO MUCH NEEDED FOR ESTABLISHING CONSOLIDATION", FEHER SAID.

HE SAID THAT HUNGARY HAS SYMPATHIZED WITH THE CZECHOSLOVAK AIMS IN THE CONVICTION THAT THERE CAN BE NO RPT NO RETURN TO THE PAST, TO THE SITUATION BEFORE JANUARY 1968.

FEHER SAID HUNGARY KNEW THAT A "NEW POLICY WAS NEEDED FURTHERING SOCIALIST DEMOCRACY, DEVELOPING AND MAKING MORE ATTRACTIVE THE SOCIALIST SOCIETY IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA".

HE SAID THAT HUNGARY HAS ITS FORMER EXPERIENCES CONCERNING THE FACT THAT REACTION JOINS IN AND TRIES TO TAKE OVER THE LEAD AND THIS HAPPENED IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA, TOO.

"THE ESTABLISHMENT OF UNITY IN THE PARTY LEADERSHIP WAS NOT RPT NOT SUCCESSFUL, IDEOLOGICAL CHAOS BECAME FASHIONABLE AND IT WAS ALLOWED THAT THE BIG ISSUES OF DEMOCRACY, FREEDOM OF SPEECH AND PRESS FREEDOM SHOULD BE INTERPRETED IN A BOURGEOIS WAY DIVESTED FROM THEIR CLASS CONTENTS", FEHER SAID.

"THE FALSE, BOURGEOIS INTERPRETATION OF DEMOCRACY AND FREEDOM IS THE REASON FOR INFLUENCING EFFECTIVELY PUBLIC OPINION CONCERNING SUCH IMPORTANT QUESTIONS OF POLITICAL SUPREMACY AS PRESS, RADIO AND TELEVISION...", FEHER SAID, AND ADDED:

"THE CONSEQUENCE WAS THAT RIGHT-WING AND REACTION SUCCEEDED IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA TO ESTABLISH A MUCH BIGGER LEGAL BASIS THAN IN HUNGARY IN THE EARLY FALL OF 1956."

FEHER THEN REVIEWED THE CIERNA AND BRATISLAVA MEETINGS AND SAID:

"UNFORTUNATELY IMMEDIATELY AFTER THESE MEETINGS THE RIGHT-WING EXERCISED IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA SUCH PRESSURE THAT NOTHING AMONG THE AGREEMENTS HAS BEEN ACCOMPLISHED".

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